## **APPENDIX 4 - Consultation Record**

Consultation conducted via Citizen Space between 30th November 2018 and 1st February 2019

Consultee Name	Consultee Comment	FC Response
Statutory		
Hereford CC	No Response	-
Shropshire CC	No Response	-
Hereford CC	No Response	-
Shropshire CC	No Response	-
Natural England	No Response	-
Historic England	No Response	-
Ludlow Town Council	Representational Committee would like to express their appreciation for the comprehensive Mortimer Forest Plan 2018-28. The consideration given to the diversity of flora and fauna within the plan, and particularly the increased broadleaf planting were very much appreciated	Comments acknowledged.
Aymestrey CP	Aymestrey Parish Council asks Forestry Commission England to implement its obligations under the Keepers of Time Policy by replanting the ancient woodland in Mortimer Forest, including Gatley Long Coppice which is within the parish boundary; that the woodland be enhanced by linked open spaces, thereby increasing biodiversity in accordance with the Government's commitment ; and that the Commission reviews the historic mapping and other archives to better understand the heritage value and biodiversity potential of the forest. Please refer to www.mortimerforest.net and the references therein.	The Forest Plan is written in line with Keepers of T protected at the time of operations and interventi Page 24 has been updated and outlines how habit and corridor network.
	The restoration of Gatley Long Coppice would provide a corridor from Mortimer Forest out to the wider habitats, which is of importance and worth consideration.	
Leintwardine Group	Leintwardine Group Parish Council's comments on the Plan are as follows: 1. The Parish Council has no objection to the 10 year Plan insofar as it sets out proposals for forestry and land management. 2. The consultation meeting arrangements were unsatisfactory. Three representatives of Leintwardine GPC attended the consultation meeting on 16 January 2019. The room where the meeting had been arranged could not accommodate even a small proportion of the number of people attending. The meeting had to take place outdoors, on a cold day, without seating for participants who were elderly and infirm. 3. There was no proper engagement with local stakeholders. Leintwardine GPC covers an area which includes Burrington and Downton, and, therefore, closely adjoins Mortimer Forest, and yet the Parish Council had not been notified of the consultation until it was brought to their attention by a local resident. 4. Matters of significant concern to local people were outside the scope of the consultation and the meeting was informed that these were determined entirely by central government policy. One of the main concerns of residents within the Parish is whether there will be any further proposals to develop a holiday resort in the Forest, as in the Forest Holidays plans which currently stand withdrawn. Despite the fact that the 10 year Plan makes reference to leisure use, and the fact that the renewal of the 10 year Plan was delayed because of the Forest Holidays proposals, the meeting was informed that there are separate plans for Community Engagement/Recreational Use of the Forest which are not in the public domain and are only available on request. The Parish Council believes that there should be genuine engagement with the public about any future proposals for large-scale changes to the use of the Forest. 5. In addition, the Parish Council has become aware that there are proposals concerning Forestry Commission land at Bedstone, but Leintwardine Parish Council has not been consulted even though it serves an adjoining Paris	Comments acknowledged, all Parish Councils whic contacted at the commencement of the consultati Forestry Commission Forest Plan consultations. The Plan seeks to find a balance between the ecor management decisions for the Forest.

## Mortimer Forest Plan 2019 - 2029 Page 46



certified in dance with the of the Forest



Time, and all heritage features are identified and ntion through the Operational Planning process. bitats will be connected and enhanced using the ride nich are within the Mortimer Forest Plan area were tation either by post or email. This is standard for conomic, natural and social demands on the land

Consultee Name	Consultee Comment	FC Response
	With reference to income and employment/ recreation and access, sustainable tourism is supported, which in the view of the parish council excludes development of camping or chalet facilities.	Comment acknowledged
Richards Castle CP Shropshire	The forest plan appears not to address the areas of grassland – there should be planned grassland management as well as for the forest. The plan needs to deal effectively with notifiable plants such as ragwort	Grassland areas are identified on page 24. These are direct management of these areas is outside of the
	and fencing with neighbouring farms should be kept in good condition. It is suggested that the plan should consider taking a genuinely long-term view, up to 100 years.	We feel that a 50 year vision is appropriate given th management.
	Richards Castle (Herefordshire) Parish Council fully supports the proposals in the plan which if implemented will protect the forest as a natural habitat through active forestry care and maintenance.	
Richards Castle CP Herefordshire	Activity in respect of forest products and services will need to be sensitively managed. Similarly for income and employment/ recreation and access, opportunities should support sustainable tourism, and exclude development of camping or chalet facilities. Trails need to be in keeping and exclude unsuitable materials like tarmac.	Comments acknowledged. The Plan seeks to find a l demands on the land management decisions for the
	A number of Wigmore Group Parish Councillors attended the public meeting regarding the Forestry Plan for Mortimer Forest during which we were told of the main purposes of the document. It was stressed several times that it is primarily just a land (in this case woodland) management document and accordingly, the document is full of technical details compiled by experts. Most Councillors lack the technical	Comment acknowledged
	knowledge to critically examine the details within this plan and so have no comment to make on that aspect of the plan.	Comment acknowledged
Wigmore Group	It was also stated that a Forest Plan does not relate to stakeholder engagement, nor to recreational use of the forest and that these areas have their own management plans, many of which are available either on the Forestry Commission website, or on request.	Comments acknowledged, passed to Communicatio
	It has not been possible to find on the internet or elsewhere the plans re stakeholder engagement, opportunities for volunteering and recreational use of Mortimer Forest which the Forestry Commission representatives referred to at the consultation meeting. Please could these be made available or, if they do not exist, could such plans be prepared and submitted for consultation?	
	A large number of people demonstrated their interest in the Mortimer Forest by attending the consultation meeting and Wigmore Group Parish Council consider that efforts should be made to improve co-operation between the Forestry Commission and the local community	
Ludford CP	No Response	-
NGO		
	First of all I'd just like to thank you for the opportunity to comment on the revised FDP for Mortimer Forest and for mentioning the rare Wood White butterfly. I've been talking to Lorne about the design plan, he's suggested it might be better for me to email you my thoughts rather than commenting online, I hope that's ok.	
	Open space	
Butterfly Conservation	Is the farm tenancy area part of the overall open space stated in the plan? If it is, are there any opportunities to increase the percentage of open space actually within the woodland? I was thinking something similar to the scallops at Bury Ditches and Wigmore Rolls.	The area of open within the FBT is accounted for in
	A number of scallops (or refugia) have been created adjacent to forest roads at both Wigmore Rolls and Bury Ditches, for the rare Wood White butterfly, to provide additional habitat beyond their preferred habitat i.e. ride-edge. This has been very successful, with a number of the scallops now supporting areas of suitable Wood White habitat. This open space has also considerably improved the condition of the verges adjacent to and opposite the scallops.	Page 24 has been updated and outlines how habitat network which is implemented at an operational lev
	These scallops have the potential to benefit a number of species. Woodcock have been recorded using a scallop at Bury Ditches.	At the time of restock a margin of 5-10metres of un scalloped transient open space,.
	When re-planting is it possible to retain/create wide open verges, when appropriate?	

areas are managed under Tenancy and therefore the ne control of the FC.

the changing environments and complexities of forest

a balance between the economic, natural and social the Forest.

tions Lead to action.

in the Forest Plan, species composition.

tats will be connected and enhanced using the ride level.

unplanted ground is normally implemented to building

Consultee Name	Consultee Comment	FC Response
	Bringewood	
	Planting mix great, especially as White-letter Hairstreak have been recorded near coupe 16001. Pleased to see that 60% of coupes 16001, 16350, and 40% 16668 & 16183 (Gately) will be left to naturally regenerate, great.	At the time of restock a margin of 5-10metres of un scalloped transient open space.
	Generally planting with broadleaves, great. When re-planting will the wide verges be retained and managed as open space? Are there any opportunities to increase open space in Bringewood? A number of areas within Bringewood were found to support some good areas of Wood White habitat in 2018.	
	Juniper Hill area	Juniper Hill area is be managed through alternative
	Great to see open space retained in this area. Would be good to see felling/thinning works here prior to 2032, if possible.	intervention will before 2032, more likely sometime
	As Forest Holidays are no longer involved, Lorne and I are looking at opportunities to improve Juniper Hill area for key invertebrates, including Wood White.	
	General comments	Mary Knoll Valley will still be thinned heavily to favo mean that priorities for accelerated transition are el
	Mary Knoll Valley – any opportunity to bring the work planned for this area forward?	Page 24 has been updated and outlines how habitat
	Hay Parke Wood – any opportunity to link permanent open space near SAM to ride-network instead of having	network.
Butterfly Conservation continued	an isolated patch of open space? The SAM is close to Mary Knoll Valley which is a significant area for Wood White.	A large ride side network of transient and partial ope consists of ride edges and occasional cut scallops. Th
	Gatley Wood – great to see work planned for this woodland, an important site in the wider landscape, as areas of Wood White habitat were found here during 2018. Any opportunity to retain more open space or widen verges?	time of restocking and thinning and maintained thro constantly evolving habitats for wide array of specie exposure such as reptiles and invertebrates.
	Wildlife corridors – any opportunities to link the hay meadows to open areas within the wider woodland i.e. Mary Knoll Valley or Haye Park Wood ? This could potentially be beneficial for a number of species.	A greater provision of open space has now been affor wooded edge habitat in the future. Location of the t
	Lepidoptera bit on page 25. Your text below, my changes highlighted in red.	team at the time of operation, but comments are no
	Mortimer is a priority lepidoptera site manged in partnership with Butterfly Conservation (remove "Trust"). Silver-washed Fritillary, Wood White and White-letter Hairstreak (either remove "Dingy Skipper" or state that	space within the woodland by a minimum of 7ha in felled in Plan period.
	Butterfly Conservation has historical records for Dingy skipper, but they've not been seen for a while) all inhabit the transient open spaces of the woodland. A specific Herefordshire, (add Shropshire and Worcestershire) wide Wood White project is ongoing which includes Mortimer Forest	Changes made.
	Mapping inconsistencies	
	When comparing maps on page 20 and 21 (in the main FDP), it looks like open space is being replanted in the following areas: Juniper Hill, Upper Evens, Haye Park Wood and Deer Park. Is this correct? Is this space going to be lost? Or is this a mapping error?	This is a mapping area, smaller areas of open space made. No open space will be lost, also even where t up to 100%, and could be as low as 20%.
	Timber (conifer) output is still too high. As a member of HART (Herefordshire Amphibian and Reptile Team) and as a trustee of ARG UK I would like to see greater emphasis on restoring, maintaining and increasing open heath, scrub habitats, wet areas, ponds and native wood pasture and definately within a 50 year plan. Looking at the graph projection of woodland and open area for 2018-2047 the graph illustrates approximately a decrease of only 10% of conifer, an increase of only 10% native broadleaf and no change (increase) in open habitats.	The Plan seeks to find a balance between the econo management decisions for the Forest. Page 24 has b connected and enhanced using the ride network.
Central Ecology	Only a few years ago there was much talk that FC were looking to restore conifer areas back to native broadleaf. This plan shows little change. On the previously opened habitats in the Mortimer Forest there are naturally occurring heathland species; heather, gorse, broom and acid grassland, growing where conifer woodlands have been cleared. For less transient species such as reptiles and amphibians there must be robust long-term connected habitat, encouraging a healthy, viable metapopulation structures across the whole landscape. This area, in relation to	A large ride side network of transient and partial operation consists of ride edges and occasional cut scallops. The time of restocking and thinning and maintained through the constantly evolving habitats for wide array of species exposure such as reptiles and invertebrates.
	the distribution of the adder (Vipera berus) and other herptile species in Herefordshire, is a significant site and must remain with large linked open heath areas. Haye Park, Vinnalls, High Vinnalls, Climbing Jack and networks of wide open woodland glades should enable effective dispersal and linkage of reptiles and amphibians. The long-term plan must take into account fast growing, maturing conifer which will rapidly shade out favourable herptile habitat. A long-term conservation management plan for these vulnerable species must be a priority.	Open space provision has been increased across the restocking areas to increase open space within the v

unplanted ground is normally implemented to building

ve to clearfell through thinning and the next felling me within the next 5 years.

avour broadleaves, but habitat and site conditions elsewhere.

tats will be connected and enhanced using the ride

open space already exists within the Plan area. This These areas will be maintained and enhanced at the hrough periodic cutting into the future, thus delivering cies which benefit from varying amounts of light,

afforded on all restock sites to create a more open e transient open space will be determined by local noted and on file. There will be an increase in open in ten years, an equivalent to 17% of all areas being

ce were not included in general restock areas. Changes e tree species are prescribed this may not always be

nomic, natural and social demands on the land s been updated and outlines how habitats will be

open space already exists within the Plan area. This These areas will be maintained and enhanced at the hrough periodic cutting into the future, thus delivering cies which benefit from varying amounts of light,

he plan proposals, both along ride sides and within e woodland.

Consultee Name	Consultee Comment	FC Response
	Herefordshire Wildlife Trust welcome the opportunity to comment on the Mortimer Forest Design Plan (FDP). In general, we welcome the ambition of the 50-year vision, particularly the drive to increase the area of Broadleaved woodland, restore Plantations on Ancient Woodland Sites, protect ancient and veteran trees as well as the aim to 'deliver a rich mosaic of robust habitats that support an abundance of both rare and common species'. The significance of the Mortimer Forest in a county context cannot be understated, such an extensive area of land containing numerous rare and protected species provides a unique opportunity with the potential to create huge biodiversity gains. The FDP is the basis by which these gains can be achieved. Whilst the Forest Design Plan has the potential to enhance biodiversity, we believe the opportunity is far greater and there will be challenges to delivering the Vision based on current proposals. We therefore have the following recommendations:	
	1 The Vision implies there will be a substantive shift towards increasing broad-leaved woodland cover and a reduction in PAWS and conifer plantations. However, this is not supported by the indicative future make up of species which proposes only modest changes by 2048 of a 2% reduction in evergreen Conifer and 6% reduction in Larch. Naturalised and broad-leaved woodland will increase by only 6% and open space will not increase at all. Whilst, it is acknowledged that additional Larch removal may lead to increased open space, presumably for disease control, it does not appear to be an objective in the plan.	
	Similarly, the plan summarises that 'Implementation and maintenance of an environmental corridor system will continue to increase diversity of habitat and internal landscaping'. However, within the plan it doesn't say how this will be achieved above and beyond maintaining the existing system of rides and tracks. There does not appear to be any drive to increase open space in the woodland or expand on the system of rides and glades.	Page 24 has been updated and outlines how habitat network. A large ride side network of transient and partial op consists of ride edges and occasional cut scallops. The time of restocking and thinning and maintained three constantly evolving habitats for wide array of specie
Herefordshire Wildlife Trust	A reduction in conifer cover with corresponding increases in broad-leaved woodland, greater areas of coppice management and an enhanced network of open space throughout the woodland is critical to the increase and expansion of many rare species that are found in Mortimer Forest (e.g. Wood White butterfly, Dormice, Pearl Bordered Fritillary, Adders and Bats). It is therefore, hard to see how significant progress will be made in the conservation of these species (and many other associated species) within the first 30 years of FDP implementation.	constantly evolving habitats for wide array of specie exposure such as reptiles and invertebrates.
	2 Much of the area outside the designated Ancient Woodland is earmarked for retention of conifers. There is a lot of evidence to suggest that many of these areas were once important habitats such as Wood Pasture. This is particularly true of Bringewood, Mary Knoll and the Vinnalls. Wood Pasture is a priority habitat within the Herefordshire Biodiversity Action Plan supporting important species including those identified within the FDP (e.g. adder). We would like to see actions within the FDP to restore areas of Wood Pasture in preference to continued conifer plantation.	A greater provision of open space has now been aff open wooded habitat in the future. Of the 41hectar again with conifers, with 31 hectares areas of nativ hectares of integrated open space.
	3 Within the PAWS woodland there are ambitions to restore older crops of Larch at a rate of 0.25ha per 2ha per 5 years. This would mean that some areas of PAWS restoration could take up to 40 years to implement. We believe that this is too long. The success of PAWS restoration diminishes over time and we would like to see this activity accelerated, preferably within the first 20 years of the plan. The halo thinning and protection of ancient and veteran trees within PAWS should also be a priority to ensure their survival.	The broadleaf restoration outlined in this Plan is in policy, whilst achieving the Forest Plan objectives.
	4 We would like to see objectives in the Plan for increased partnership working with local communities and NGOs. This would undoubtedly bring broader benefits and new opportunities such as help with ecological surveys, volunteering tasks and additional external funding through grants and donations.	
	5 The Mortimer Forest is a key site within one of Herefordshire Wildlife Trust's Living Landscape areas as well as a regional landscape conservation initiative focusing on the Marches. The Mortimer Forest could be an exemplar of sustainable woodland management, setting a high standard within the region and providing an exemplar site that could be emulated both locally and regionally	Comment acknowledged, passed to Local Team Lea

tats will be connected and enhanced using the ride

open space already exists within the Plan area. This These areas will be maintained and enhanced at the hrough periodic cutting into the future, thus delivering cies which benefit from varying amounts of light,

afforded on broadleaf restock sites to create a more tares of conifer clearfelling on 25% will be restocked tive woodland restoration, which will include 7

in line with sound ecological science and national s.

ead to action.

Consultee Name	Consultee Comment	FC Response
	Shropshire Wildlife Trust is disappointed at the rate of conversion to restore PAWS areas – it falls short of the vision in the "Keepers of Time" published by the Forestry Commission. It is not as ambitious as it could be, with only some 4% of the overall forest area converted over this ten year period.	
	While native broadleaf forms the majority of restocking on PAWS, conifers are still being included, and the maps on pages 22 and 23 of the plan show that these plantations will remain on much of the PAW area of the forest at least until 2048.	
	The slow rate of conversion may well be supported by ecological reasoning, but this is not explained in the plan and the overall timescale for conversion to broadleaved woodland on the PAWS areas needs to be more explicit.	
Shropshire Wildlife Trust	It appears conifer plantations will continue to be the dominant species type for many years to come, indicating that the traditional commercial forestry approach still holds sway. The increased value of a more natural forest to include biodiversity, recreation, tourism, education, etc. has not been fully realised in this plan cycle. This is a missed opportunity as DEFRA's 25 year plan for the Environment, 'Our Green Future' states "Our commitment to increasing hardwood timber supplies, means we will focus particularly on increasing the proportion of broadleaf woodlands that are sustainably managed". While recognising the long term nature of forestry and the implications of climate change, plant health, etc. we would still like to see a much more ambitious approach taken towards reversion.	The broadleaf restoration outlined in this Plan is in policy, whilst achieving the Forest Plan objectives.
	The proposals do not appear to consider how the Forest can contribute in a positive way to changes in species distributions, assist with the expansion of species ranges (pine martin etc.) or capitalise on wider recreational links, for example Mortimer Way and Hereford Way long distance paths. The "Keepers of Time" document states "that rare, threatened or priority species should not just be protected but enhanced" This would lead to a more diverse forest with a greater reduction in conifers and more open spaces such as glades, open areas around water bodies, and terrestrial habitat for Great Crested Newts etc.	Threatened and priority species and habitats uniqu identified on pages 24 and 25. Management and er outlined, FC will follow best practise and involve int operations.
	We would also encourage the Commission to look at how the Forest links into the wider landscape and identify opportunities to create or strengthen links to existing woodlands or other habitats, and not to see the woodland estate in isolation.	The plan is written in the context of the wider lands consideration referenced implicitly through out the assessment, habitats and species, and landscape ar
	It is clear from the public debate and interest in the recent Forest Holidays planning application that there is an untapped interest in the area and a huge appetite from the local community to be involved in the woodlands. This asset could be harnessed by the Forestry Commission to support them in their future work in work, especially where resources are stretched and budgets are strictly limited.	Comments acknowledged, passed to Communication
RSPB	No Response	-
Woodland Trust	No Response	-
People for Ludlow	<ol> <li>Questions 2 &amp; 3 are very important. However the consultation document (and FC have also stated in meetings) is limited to the tree management plan. It contains no substantive proposals that have a bearing on Q.2 and Q.3 above so must therefore be regarded as poor from that perspective.</li> <li>We consider that the relationship of Mortimer's Forest to Ludlow in terms of economics, tourism and employment to be vital and requiring a separate consultation in its own right. Simply using the Forest to provide some jobs and a forestry crop is not a long-term vision, it merely repeats the rationale of the founding</li> </ol>	The Plan seeks to find a balance between the economanagement decisions for the Forest.
	<ul> <li>of the FC.</li> <li>3. We would like to see proper thought given to:</li> <li>a) the creation of high-value employment (and research?), e.g. through the establishment of biodiversity/ forestry teaching on site and a possible school. Why not discuss with Harper Adams University how this might be done?</li> </ul>	Comments acknowledged.

in line with sound ecological science and national s.

que or particularly special to Mortimer Forest are enhancement of these features is outlined, where not internal and external field experts when considering

ndscape, whilst not explained it is a common the plan. i.e. analysis and concept, landscape character a analysis.

ations Lead to investigate further.

onomic, natural and social demands on the land

Consultee Name	Consultee Comment	FC Response
People for Ludlow	b) adding to local economic sustainability in the long term; after all, both communities and forests have long- term planning horizons and	Comments acknowledged.
	c) better use of the therapeutic properties of a peaceful natural environment to heal both bodies and minds. This could be part of both a new type of job creation model and a service to the community, especially with the current recognition of both mental health issues in the population and the development of 'social prescribing'.	
continued	4. We would like to see more than lip service paid to the riparian aspects of the forest development. While it is heartening to see that steps will be taken to 'minimise the impact of forestry operations (p.24)' this is no the same as actively improving the quality and biodiversity of the rivers.	See page 32 for specific riparian management prop
	5. We support the tree management aspects of the plan and the intention to move towards broadleaved hardwoods as a major crop; this is line with better long-term thinking about the Forest.	
	Comments on Mortimer Forest Plan 2018-28	
	The opportunity to comment on the draft Plan is appreciated.	
	The undersigned were privileged to be among those who met Sir Harry Studholme and Kevin Stannard on December 14th, 2018. These comments are therefore made in the light of what was said at that meeting, as well as at the public meeting held on January 16th, 2019, on which we comment below.	
	A key objective for us is to help repair the damage to relations between the Forestry Commission and the local community in the Ludlow area which was caused by the advancement in 2018 of a proposal by Forest Holidays, energetically supported by the Commission, to build a holiday chalet complex on Juniper Hill. This caused widespread consternation among residents of the Ludlow area. Fortunately that project was abandoned by Forest Holidays, so there is no need to dwell on its demerits, though we were very surprised that representatives of the Commission (at the meeting on January 16th) persisted gratuitously in seeking to defend the Forest Holidays proposal—an action calculated to inflame relations with local residents and make them nervous that the Commission might be considering another development of similar kind, despite your Chairman's statement at the Dec 14th meeting that the Commission's plans for Mortimer Forest do not include anything of this nature.	Comments acknowledged, passed to Communicati
	Our fervent hope is that the Commission and local residents can build on the constructive foundation laid at the Dec 14th meeting and develop a collaborative approach to the management of Mortimer Forest in the interests of the environment, wildlife, sustainable silviculture and attracting more members of the public to enjoy and pursue recreational activities in the forest.	
Friends of the Forest	Against the above background, our comments on the Plan are as follows:	
	1. The Plan as drafted is thoroughly confused and confusing as to what its purpose is. Its objectives are set out on page 5 and are said to include conservation, protection of habitats and the preservation of landscape character. A 50 Year Vision is set out on page 8 in high-sounding aspirational language, embracing social and environmental objectives which include the preservation of landscape character, conservation of habitats for rare species, contributing to carbon sequestration, water regulation and public enjoyment of the forest. The objectives of the Plan are stated again on page 10, with equal weight being given to "Nature", "People" and "Economy", thus covering the full range of the Commission's mandate.	The Plan seeks to find a balance between the economanagement decisions for the Forest. The competi and accounted for when making a contextual decis habitats.
	Any reader of the document reasonably concludes from all this that the Plan will go on to specify actions designed to deliver on these social and environmental objectives of the stated objectives. However, the draft Plan fails completely to do this. The objectives of the Plan remain just pious statements which are not followed up. In terms of action, the Plan focuses only on the felling and planting of timber and a few related activities. No awareness is shown of DEFRA's 25-year Environment Plan and the importance of natural capital.	It outlines ten years of land management intervent on the forest, its features and processes.
	It is noteworthy that, at the public meeting on Jan 16th, Commission representatives stated that the Plan is indeed meant to be solely about timber production. But that is not what is stated in the draft Plan itself. It is not surprising, then, that local residents have a confused impression about the purpose of the Plan.	

roposals.

ations Lead to action.

onomic, natural and social demands on the land eting demands on the forest need to be acknowledged cision on the management of the woodland and other

entions against a backdrop on the competing demands

Consultee Name	Consultee Comment	FC Response
	2. If, as appears to be the case, this Plan is only about timber production, then this should be stated clearly at the start and a separate parallel plan for Mortimer Forest should be prepared which addresses the environmental and social objectives. This should state what the Commission intends to do in these fields, what resources will be committed and what the timeframes are for undertaking the proposed actions. That would permit the Commission to be held accountable for delivering what is in the Plan. The overall impression given by the Commission through its handling of the whole consultation process is that accountability is something the Commission is seeking to avoidparticularly towards its owners, the public.	The Plan is not merely concentrating on timber prod management issues and makes proposals according water and riparian management.
	3. Despite the Commission's oft-stated duty to take account of the wishes of local communities, the Plan does not contain a single word about how the Commission proposes to consider the interests of this community or to work with local people and organisations—for example to manage habitat for rare or protected species, to control pests, to eradicate invasive plants and trees, to enhance the visitor experience, to create educational facilities or programmes, or to undertake other socially beneficial activities which help the Commission to deliver on its public benefit objectives. There are many potential volunteers with varied skills and knowledge in the local community who would be willing to devote time to working with the Commission on programmes such as these. But little attempt has been made so far to harness this resource and the draft Plan ignores the opportunity completely.	Comment and suggestion acknowledged. Passed to
	We therefore suggest that the Commission should develop a separate plan, in consultation with relevant bodies such as the Wildlife Trust, CPRE, RSPB, Friends of the Forest and local landowners and residents, directed at specific targets (e.g. habitat enhancement for particular species, grey squirrel eradication, assistance with planting broadleaf trees, reversing invasive plant and tree encroachment, environmental education, teaching of woodland crafts). We are aware of the resource constraints under which the Commission operates; this gives all the more reason to enlist volunteer help. Some commitment of resources by the Commission would be required (e.g. training and supervision of volunteers) but this would be a highly cost-effective use of resources.	
	4. Specific comments on the timber production aspects of the Plan are as follows:	
Friends of the Forest continued	a) We strongly support the effort to return the area to native woodland similar to what existed before the Commission acquired the use of the land in the first half of the 20th century and cut down large areas of native broadleaf woodland (including Ancient Woodland) in order to grow conifers. The target of increasing broadleaf woodland by 7% (from 18% to 25% of the total area) over the next ten years is a step in the right direction but, in our view, insufficient. The plan to add only another 4% by 2047 is woefully inadequate. This would leave large areas which used to be ancient woodland still unrestored. As the Plan states, Mortimer Forest is of significant value in the cultural heritage of this area. Conifers such as spruce, hemlock and Douglas fir do not belong in that heritage.	The broadleaf restoration outlined in this Plan is in li policy, whilst achieving the Forest Plan objectives.
	b) Planting native broadleaf trees (with the sole exception of wild cherry) is a waste of time and money if the grey squirrel population is not drastically reduced. A large proportion of all other native species will inevitably be bark-stripped by grey squirrels and die or be deformed after about 10-15 years of growth if no action is taken to reduce grey squirrel numbers very sharply. Neighbouring landowners are willing and ready to participate in a joint effort. The controlled introduction of Pine Martens should also be considered.	Comment acknowledged.
	c) The Plan should contain a clear statement that the Commission will not fell during the breeding season for birds and bats (approximately March to September), in conformity with the Wildlife and Countryside Act. Also, we trust that bird and bat surveys will be undertaken before felling.	FC follows best practice guidance with regard both E practice does permit felling operations in bird nesting
	<ul> <li>d) Zero increase in the area devoted to open space is (which is planned to remain at 10%) is insufficient for wildlife conservation purposes. Where soils indicate there has been open habitat in the past (e.g. on Juniper Hill) these areas should be returned to such habitat. The 50-year Vision refers to increasing the areas of meadow and neutral grassland, but this is not reflected in the actions described in the Plan.</li> <li>5. Specific comments on wildlife- and environment-related aspects of the Plan are:</li> <li>a) In the 50-year Vision, there are various statements of intent about preservation of landscape character and conservation of habitat for rare species (e.g. goshawk, hobby and nightjar). No actions are identified in the Plan to achieve these objectives. For example, if ground-nesting birds such a nightjar are to be protected, it will be necessary to fence off certain areas to prevent access by dogs and other predators. This is an example of a project on which the Commission could work with local volunteers.</li> </ul>	been carried beforehand and avoidance and mitigat Open space provision has been increased across the restocking areas to increase open space within the v equivalent to 17% of all areas being felled in Plan pe FC follows best practice guidance with regard specie Forest.

roduction, it considers other non-timber related land ingly on topics such as habitat restoration, silviculture,

to Communications lead to investigate further.

in line with sound ecological science and national s.

th European and nationally protected species. Best sting season provided comprehensive surveys have gation is in place.

the plan proposals, both along ride sides and within ne woodland by a minimum of 7ha in ten years, an period.

ecies identified as special and unique to Mortimer

Consultee Name	Consultee Comment	FC Response
	<ul> <li>b) Areas with conservational potential should be identified in either this Plan or a separate parallel plan, accompanied by detailed statements of what will be done and by when. A framework for monitoring progress also needs to be established.</li> <li>c) No reference is made in the Plan to the long-haired deer, a unique sub-species found (we believe) only in Mortimer Forest. Are any conservation measures intended for these?</li> <li>d) Other forms of wildlife mentioned in this Plan are dormice, great-crested newts and butterflies (presumably including the wood white, though that is not specified). Each of these needs habitat</li> </ul>	Comment acknowledged. Long haired deer acknowledged on page 25. And ma
	<ul> <li>improvement. In the case of dormice, for example, the areas of hazel coppice will need to be managed and extended to make corridors linking up with other coppiced areas.</li> <li>6. No reference is made in the Plan to any proposals to undertake revenue-generating projects other than timber production. While that is welcome in that it precludes developments involving large-scale permanent overnight tourist accommodation and related facilities (like the proposed Forest Holidays project), it appears to be a missed opportunity in other respects. There are activities which could attract the public into the forest, and would not change its character or be destructive of wildlife habitat, which could be sources of revenue for the Commission. Maybe a review of these could be undertaken, in cooperation with the local community, and mode and to follow a proposal of the proposal of t</li></ul>	Comment acknowledged, the Plan covers the land n does not define strategy for recreation in the Forest
	<ul> <li>made part of the separate plan suggested above.</li> <li>7. No explanation is given of why this Plan is 5 years late in being prepared (the previous Plan covered the years 2003-2013). We know (and it has been admitted by Commission representatives) that the reason for the delay is that in 2014 or earlier the Commission were already in secret discussions with Forest Holidays about the planned chalet development and wanted to avoid any action which might require disclosure of their intentions. Deceitful practice of this nature destroys public trust in the Commission. A statement of regret by</li> </ul>	Comment acknowledged.
Friends of the Forest	the Commission for this lack of straightforwardness would go a long way towards persuading the local community that the Commission is ready to adopt a new approach. It is noteworthy that Commission staff prepared a draft of the Plan in mid-2018 (before Forest Holidays withdrew) which simply referred to the chalet development as if it already existed, thus seeking to present the public with a fait accompli. 8. A further general comment is that the Plan lacks imagination and genuine Vision. It smacks of being an exercise in fulfilling a standard bureaucratic requirement, accompanied by lip-service to environmental and social objectives, rather than an effort to think seriously about the opportunities presented by Mortimer Forest to do something that would improve the landscape, enhance the environment, encourage more involvement by the public in the management and use of the forest and improve public perception of the Commission. 9. Finally, comment is called for on the public consultation process itself. The draft Plan was first published on the internet near the end of November. Little or no effort was made to draw attention to it among local residents. Various bodies with an obvious interest in the Plan (including the Councils of several parishes containing parts of the forest) were not notified of the consultation. A deadline of Dec 24 was set for the submission of comments. This (especially in the period leading up to Christmas) was unreasonably short (the standard period for public consultations is 12 weeks). When various Parish Councils requested an extension, this was granted but only to Feb 1st 2019. The Commission staff were evidently totally unprepared for the 120 or so people who turned up. These were initially told that everyone was now going to go for a walk. Many refused, because they had been invited for a meeting, not a walk, and anyway were not in walking clothes. The result was that everyone ended up standing outside in drizzle on a very cold day while Commission staff attempted rather ineptly	Comment acknowledged. All Parish Councils and Statutory Authorities within t process. Notable additional stakeholders, including erected on all major access points to the forest to en notified. Extensions and meetings were granted in light of the Comments acknowledged. Letter written to respondent outlining steps followin be published on Citizen Space.

management of specific species is outlined and

d management proposals for the coming 10 years and est.

in the Plan area were notified at the outset of the plan ng Friends of the Forest were contacted. Notices were o ensure as many stakeholders as possible were

the congested period, and stakeholder request.

wing consultation closure. Consultation response will

Consultee Name	Consultee Comment	FC Response
Member of the public	Much of the technical detail is beyond me, but I am glad to see that the proposal for an over-decadent commercial cabin development appears to have evaporated.	Comments acknowledged
	My family has lived on the edge of the forest since 1970 and we (with countless local residents and visitors) value its peace and beauty very dearly. We also recognise the need of the Forest Commission to maintain its commercial viability.	
Member of the public	I feel strongly that the forest is an extremely valuable resource that needs careful management, protection and preservation.	Comments acknowledged
Member of the public	While I understand the need for income, too much emphasis on timber products	The Plan seeks to find a balance between the econ
	Well there's very little about recreation - there are no suggestions about future improvements to recreation in the forest - just a very passive status quo - other than a rather alarming mention of increased rural employment on page 13.	Comments acknowledged
	There are odd mentions of AONB and NP authorities on page 10 which are irrelevant and a sentence on recreation is truncated on page 10.	
Member of the public	I think this plan needs a proper consultation on recreation and opportunities for low key improvements - there are many trails which remain impassable for much of the year when they are muddy (OK not 2018 summer but most previous years). I see no proposed improvements at all. What about extending access from the Forest Office car park which is only open 5days a week until 3pm. What about installing a new easy access trail at one of the other two car parks - or both. And what about cutting back vegetation from some overgrown trails to improve butterfly habitat and allow the paths to dry out more rapidly. I'd also like to see a couple of further stretches 'hardened' over the next 5-10 years at least. In fact there are mentions of 'proposals' but no details.	
	Given the hooha about the Forest Holiday proposals I think the least you could do is have a consultation with local users and recreation groups to discuss what would improve things for current users and include a modest increase in usage and facilities over the next 20 years - I suggest contacting the the P3 groups, Walkers are Welcome Ludlow (and Chamber of Trade) Ramblers, and local cycling and riding groups - plus engaging with the loyal local dog walkers and regular users such as Park Run.	
	I realise this is not the main focus of this document - but as far as I'm aware there isn't a separate recreation strategy document for the forest - perhaps there should be??? There you could spell out what the 'proposals' might be.	
	There are many local people who care passionately about the forest and this measly recognition within this document is in no way sufficient to integrate their views and proposals for improving the contribution the forest makes to everyone's lives over the next several decades.	
	My answers to No's 2 & 3 are very dependent upon the detail behind references to "Provision and maintenance of recreation facilities" (slide 9) and "Encourage and support business activity on the estate" and "High quality woodland-based recreation opportunities" (slide 10).	Comments acknowledged
Member of the public	I appreciate the plans to transition to 80% broad leaved woodland which, in itself provides the high quality recreation facilities in that the clean air, calm atmosphere and peaceful environment could not be improved upon to enhance feelings of physical and mental wellbeing - provided that the woodlands can feel, largely, distilled of people and recreational 'props'. I would like to think, albeit bravely, that this could involve dog-free areas.	
	There appears to be a gap between the objectives for 'business' and 'recreation' in that no mention has been made to the support of important 'social services' on the estate - whether purely educational or for the support, repair and restoration of broken bodies and minds through structured activities (not strictly 'businesses').	
	In applauding the plans to move towards 'natural' woodland there is an explicit recognition that the traditional role of forestry has changed and so, in my view, should its funding. We, as taxpayers, are currently subsidising farmers to care more for the environment and we should, through government policies, be prepared to support the existence and expansion of our nation's broadleaved woodlands.	

onomic, natural and social demands on the Forest.

Consultee Name	Consultee Comment	FC Response
Member of the public	It is important that no building work is undertaken in this area. It is a rare example of an ancient area which has been forgotten and is only now being investigated in detail. The surrounding area affords considerable scope for holiday and visitor accommodation.	Comment acknowledged, the Plan covers the land r does not define strategy for recreation in the Forest
Member of the public	Last year I attempted to walk the 32 mile trail of the Mortimer Forest and it was so overgrown, which although great for wildlife, meant much of it was impassible and I ended up using more roads than paths. I did report this to the tourist office in Ludlow and complained to Balfor Beatty, who I belief, at that time, managed the forest. Neither parties were interested and I received no feedback. Having talked to other people regarding the new Mortimer Forest plan, there is a need for a mixture of deciduous and old-growth tree and not just conifers for a short term cash-crop. I personally do not agree with the forests being managed by an estate, using the area for profit. The very two words: "Biodiversity and Conservation" needs to mean the protection of the natural forest, wildlife and only then, allowing human access.	Comment acknowledged with regard path, passed t The Plan seeks to find a balance between the econd
Member of the public	Haven't see your 10 year plan so unable to comment on the above.	Comment acknowledged
Member of the public	Woodland development should move towards an increasing number of native species in lieu of conifers. Leisure development should only take place in limited areas but an increase in off road biking facilities would not be inappropriate. Any leisure development in terms of holiday accommodation should only be allowed if does not adversely impact the natural environment and has the agreement of local communities.	Comment acknowledged, the Plan covers the land r does not define strategy for recreation in the Forest
	It's almost as if these local communities don't want year round income with a constant stream of tourists! They'll moan whether they've got customers/tourists or not. Lots of people seem to be against Forest Holidays as I've read up on the 'controversial' opening of Beddgelert - yet, from Friends who've visited, it seems they're happier than ever due to having constant customers and visitors. Yet here I was thinking FHolidays were bad?!?	
Member of the public	The amount of money that local cafes, pubs and restaurants could potentially receive is crazy, especially compared to what they get now. 68 Cabins with a minimum of 2 guests in each = £££. Yes we get it, treehuggers love trees but there has to be some give and take. LOCAL people will finally have suitable vacancies close to home rather than having to travel to Shrewsbury or Birmingham!	Comments acknowledged
	Everyone, as a whole, would benefit from this but I guess a few trees is more important, eh? Please bare that in mind the next time you're writing a letter complaining about Forest Holidays!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!	
Member of the public	Given the recent experience over the Forest Holidays I would like to see more explicit commitments NOT to do certain things within the forest - or at least certain parts of it. These would include large scale luxury commercial developments. I do believe their is scope for increasing facilities to encourage desirable activities and visitors with benefits for the local community and economy on the fringes of the forest eg mountain biking and hiking centre with bikes for hire and a well planned network of mountain bike trails and facilities to meet the needs of all abilities.	Comment acknowledged, the Plan covers the land r does not define strategy for recreation in the Forest
Member of the public	Overall the Plan is very good but I would like to see a different emphasis eg above question 3. needs to be turned round "environmental objectives etc." The needs of the forest environment and its wildlife habitat should be the priority. Human accessibility needs to be managed in accordance with the needs of flora and fauna whose lives are dependent on the forest. I would expect to be excluded from parts of the forest at certain times of the year if that was beneficial to certain species.	Comment acknowledged
Member of the public	At a recent Forest Plan consultation meeting (held at the request of individuals and local parish councils) the Forestry Commission stated at the outset that the plan is solely about timber production, although they acknowledged that the very high level of attendance undoubtedly resulted from recent plans by the FC to develop part of the forest as a luxury holiday complex. Issues of importance to the 100+ people who turned out on a very cold day to attend the outdoor meeting, were completely disregarded. It was stated that there are other plans in place which address public recreation, opportunities for volunteering, community engagement but no information was made available as to where these may be viewed and none of this is common knowledge to local people. A summary of the 2018-2028 plan obtained in July included references to a Forest holidays site in the forest. Now that has been dropped why is there no reference in the plan to how it is envisaged people may enjoy the forest, which is recognised as playing a massive part in supporting social wellbeing. It was perturbing to hear that the plan was put on hold for 5 years because of the F C's engagement with Forest Holidays, a scheme that the FC staff member repeatedly stated he supported. Having no plan in place for such a long period hardly sets a good example to other guardians of woodlands and forests. A very disappointing experience.	Comments acknowledged

d management proposals for the coming 10 years and est.

ed to Local Team Lead to investigate.

onomic, natural and social demands on the Forest.

d management proposals for the coming 10 years and est.

d management proposals for the coming 10 years and est.

Consultee Name	Consultee Comment	FC Response
Member of the public	My main concern is the effect of climate change on the biodiversity of the forest. As a short lived species, in relation to trees, humans must look beyond their immediate personal needs. Our focus must be on the future of the forest. As a grandparent I am vey conscious of the legacy I leave for my grandchildren [and to their grandchildren as well].	Comment acknowledged
Member of the public	Mortimer Forest should be kept as a tranquil conservation area and used for the growing and harvesting of trees. Pedestrians should continue to have access. Carriage driving should be reinstated and access kept for horses and ponies. All motor vehicles including quad bikes should be banned except those for forestry use and for emergencies. Mountain bikes should also be banned as they can be fast, silent and dangerous. No development whatsoever should be allowed in this unique place.	Comments acknowledged
Member of the public	<ul> <li>Thanks for inviting me to comment on this Forest Design Plan, please find my observations and recommendations below. I should also say that the above form is too simplistic to give any meaningful assessment on such a complex management plan covering over 1,000 hectares of biodiversity potential and heritage landscape :</li> <li>1. Most of Mortimer Forest is either ancient woodland, the medieval Hay park or medieval Bringewood chase, the latter two are at least as important to be restored for biodiversity and heritage reasons as the former (Hay Park was completely intact until the 1950s). There should be no restocking with conifers on these areas including in cpts 16836 and 16083.</li> <li>2. It is very disappointing that FC envisages retaining such a high proportion (47%) of conifers to 2048 especially as most conifer stands were established on ancient woodland inventory sites after the 1985 Broadleaves Policy.</li> <li>3. Shelterwood shuicultural systems will tend to retain shaded acidifying conditions in conifer stands and delay restoration by many years to the long term detriment of biodiversity.</li> <li>4. Most of the Mortimer Forest ecosystem component species are light demanders. For these reasons Shelterwood should not therefore be the preferred silvicultural system (it is also more expensive).</li> <li>5. Young conifer compartments at thicket stage should be subject to accelerated thinning regimes to avoid canopy closure, encourage intruded broadleaves and shorten the time to restoration.</li> <li>6. Artificial restocking should include a more significant component of site native underwood species such as hazel and field maple.</li> <li>7. 'Keepers of Time' policy relates ecosystems restoration to historical land use which, knowing the history of Mortimer Forest, requires there to be significant areas of open conditions, a commitment to which is lacking in the plan.</li> <li>8. Mapping biodiversity potential, establishing adequate baseline data and monitoring for the restoration objectives of</li></ul>	There is no restocking with conifers proposed of Time'. The coupes identified are both being pla is being with broadleaves, Coupe 16083 (9.3ha achieve a diverse and balanced woodland struct The broadleaf restoration outlined in this Plan is policy, whilst achieving the Forest Plan objective PAWS restoration is addressed on page 16 and h groups is proposed to ensure a variety of light a number of native species can flourish. Proposals for restocking on ancient woodland ar cherry, wych elm and hazel. Open space provision has been increased across restocking areas to increase open space within the equivalent to 17% of all areas being felled in Pla Comments acknowledged, passed to Communic Wood products from sustainably managed fores storage and reducing fossil fuel emissions by sul associated with their production (see section 3 of forests is generally higher than that of deciduou regions with low snow cover duration and the o mitigation is still positive when albedo effects ar
Member of the public	I'm glad to see there is no mention of constructing lodges or any other inappropriate development. I trust this plan is not misleading and that no such developments are being planned through some other route.	Comment acknowledged, the Plan covers the la does not define strategy for recreation in the Fo
Member of the public	There is no mention of schools or the forest as an educational resource. Engaging young people should be an objective.	Comment acknowledged, the Plan covers the la does not define strategy for engagement in the

on sites identified as ancient woodland, as per 'Keepers of planted in two sections, Coupe 16836 (4.9ha in total) 0.7ha na in total), 3.0ha is being planted with broadleaves to ucture.

n is in line with sound ecological science and national ives.

nd both gradual thinning, and small scale clearfelling of and nutrient conditions are provided from which a

are based on NVC type and include 'sub-species' such as

oss the plan proposals, both along ride sides and within n the woodland by a minimum of 7ha in ten years, an Plan period.

nications Lead to investigate further.

orests (as practiced in the UK) both play a role in carbon substituting for materials with high fossil fuel emissions 3 of the Read report). It is true that Albedo of conifer uous broadleaf forests. However, this impact is limited in e overall contribution of conifer forests in climate change s are taken into account.

land management proposals for the coming 10 years and Forest.

land management proposals for the coming 10 years and ne Forest.